

**J.S. BACH BWV1001-1006 Partitae et Sonatae: 3 voices canons unveiled,
canoni a 3 voici svelati, canons à 3 voix dévoilés, dreistimmige Kanons enthüllt.
2025 Edition.**

Explanations in, spiegazioni in, explications dans, Erklaerung in:

<https://metamusica.altervista.org/links/BCBook.pdf> &

[https://www.academia.edu/103487035/The secrets of the hidden canons in J S Bachs masterpieces I segreti dei canoni nascosti nei capolavori di J S Bach](https://www.academia.edu/103487035/The_secrets_of_the_hidden_canons_in_J_S_Bachs_masterpieces_I_segreti_dei_canoni_nascosti_nei_capolavori_di_J_S_Bach)



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<https://www.patamu.com/certificate/266526-119> contact: giovanni.pietro.orefice@gmail.com
more info on website metamusica.altervista.org

Dopo una prima esplorazione delle Sonate e Partite per violino solo nel 2022, torno a queste splendide opere di J.S. Bach, con il nuovo approccio derivante dalla teoria dell'eco. Infatti, considerando ogni Sonata o Partita come un insieme di brani che devono rispettare lo stesso ritardo temporale in una data stanza, il tempo di esecuzione diventa un compromesso tra i brani veloci e quelli lenti. Per questo motivo, alcune nuove soluzioni sono state preferite alle proposte precedenti. C'è ancora molto da discutere e provare, ma godetevi la scoperta.

After a first exploration of the solo violin Sonatas and Partitas in 2022, I'm coming back to this splendid work of J.S. Bach, with the new approach coming from the echo's theory. In fact, considering each Sonata or Partita as a set of pieces that shall respect the same time delay in a given room, the tempo of the execution becomes a compromise between the fast and slow pieces. For this reason, some new solutions were preferred to the previous proposals. There is a lot more to be discussed and tried indeed, but let's enjoy your discovery.

Après une première exploration des Sonates et Partitas pour violon seul en 2022, je reviens à cette magnifique œuvre de J.S. Bach, avec une nouvelle approche issue de la théorie de l'écho. En effet, considérant chaque Sonate ou Partita comme un ensemble de pièces devant respecter le même décalage temporel dans une pièce donnée, le tempo d'exécution devient un compromis entre les pièces rapides et lentes. C'est pourquoi de nouvelles solutions ont été privilégiées par rapport aux propositions précédentes. Il reste encore beaucoup à discuter et à essayer, mais je vous souhaite une bonne découverte.

Nach einer ersten Auseinandersetzung mit den Soloviolinsonaten und -partiten im Jahr 2022 kehre ich zu diesem großartigen Werk von J.S. Bach zurück, wobei der neue Ansatz auf der Echotheorie basiert. Betrachtet man jede Sonate oder Partita als eine Reihe von Stücken, die in einem bestimmten Raum die gleiche Zeitverzögerung einhalten sollen, wird das Tempo der Ausführung zu einem Kompromiss zwischen den schnellen und langsamen Stücken. Aus diesem Grund wurden einige neue Lösungen den vorherigen Vorschlägen vorgezogen. Es gibt noch viel zu diskutieren und auszuprobieren, aber viel Spaß beim Entdecken.

TIME DELAYS – RITARDI – RETARDS – ZEITVERZÖGERUNGEN

BWV1001 Sonata 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso ADAGIO



BWV1001 Sonata 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso FUGA



BWV1001 Sonata 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso SICILIANA



BWV1001 Sonata 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso PRESTO



BWV1002 Partita 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso ALLEMANDA



BWV1002 Partita 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso DOUBLE



BWV1002 Partita 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso CORRENTA



BWV1002 Partita 1ma a Violino Solo senza Basso DOUBLE



The image shows a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". It consists of three staves. The top staff is the vocal line, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/4 time signature. The melody begins on a whole note chord of F#4 and A4, followed by a half note G#4, and then a quarter note F#4. The middle and bottom staves are for piano accompaniment, also in treble clef with the same key signature and time signature. The piano part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together, providing a harmonic and rhythmic foundation for the vocal line. The score is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The first measure is marked with a '1' and the second with a '2'.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is presented in three staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The first staff contains the melody, starting with a quarter rest followed by a quarter note G4, then a half note A4, and a quarter note B4. The second and third staves provide harmonic accompaniment. The first staff of the accompaniment begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, then a half note A4, and a quarter note B4. The second staff of the accompaniment begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, then a half note A4, and a quarter note B4. The score is divided into two measures by a double bar line. The first measure is marked with a '1' and the second measure with a '2'.

A musical score for the song 'The Rose Tree'. It consists of three staves. The top staff is the melody, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The melody begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, and then a half note A4-B4. The second staff is a harmonic accompaniment, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). It begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, and then a half note A4-B4. The third staff is a bass line, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). It begins with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note G4, and then a half note A4-B4. The score is divided into two measures by a vertical line. The first measure contains the initial notes, and the second measure contains the continuation of the melody and accompaniment. The melody in the second measure is G4-A4-B4-A4-G4-F#4-E4-D4-C4. The accompaniment in the second measure is G4-A4-B4-A4-G4-F#4-E4-D4-C4. The bass line in the second measure is G4-A4-B4-A4-G4-F#4-E4-D4-C4.

BWV1003 Sonata 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso – Grave - 30



BWV1003 Sonata 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso – Fuga - 60

BWV1003 Sonata 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso – Andante - 80

BWV1003 Sonata 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso – Allegro 60 (!?)

BWV1004 Partita 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso - Allemanda 66

First system of the Allemanda 66. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It features three staves: Violin I, Violin II, and Cello/Double Bass. The Violin I part begins with a first measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Violin II and Cello/Double Bass parts provide harmonic support with similar rhythmic patterns.

BWV1004 Partita 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso - Corrente 94

First system of the Corrente 94. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It features three staves: Violin I, Violin II, and Cello/Double Bass. The Violin I part includes triplets and a second measure rest. The Violin II and Cello/Double Bass parts also feature triplets and provide harmonic support.

BWV1004 Partita 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso - Sarabanda 33

First system of the Sarabanda 33. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It features three staves: Violin I, Violin II, and Cello/Double Bass. The Violin I part begins with a first measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Violin II and Cello/Double Bass parts provide harmonic support with similar rhythmic patterns.

BWV1004 Partita 2nda a Violino Solo senza Basso - Giga 88 (!)

First system of the Giga 88. The score is in G major (one sharp) and 12/8 time. It features three staves: Violin I, Violin II, and Cello/Double Bass. The Violin I part begins with a first measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Violin II and Cello/Double Bass parts provide harmonic support with similar rhythmic patterns.

BWV1004 Partita 2da a Violino Solo senza Basso - Ciaccona – A 88 (!)



BWV1004 Partita 2da a Violino Solo senza Basso - Ciaccona – B 66 (!)



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso - Adagio - ND



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso - Adagio - 36



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Fuga - 108



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Largo - 27



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Allegro Assai 144



BWV1005 Sonata 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Allegro Assai B (dissonante scosso) 108

BWV1006 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Preludio - 64

BWV1006 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Lourée - 64

BWV1004 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso – Gavotte en Rondeau - 128

BWV1004 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso –Menuets- 128



BWV1004 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso –Bourrée- 128



BWV1004 Partita 3a a Violino Solo senza Basso –Gigue- 100



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contact: giovanni.pietro.orefice@gmail.com
more info on website metamusica.altervista.org